

Wildlife Hazard Mitigation and Landscaping

Prohibited Plants on Airport Leased Premises

Alder (Alnus spp.)

Alpine currant (Ribes alpinum)

Aspen (Populus spp.)

Austrian brier rose (Rosa foetida)

Beech (Fagus grandifolia)

Betchel crabapple (Malus ioensis)

Birch (Betula spp.)

Blackberry (Rubus spp.)

Blackgum (Nyssa sylvatica)

Blueberry (Vaccineum spp.)

Bradford pear (Pyrus calleryana)

Burnett rose (Rosa spinosissima)

Cedar (Juniperus spp.)

Cockspur thorn (Crataequs crus-qalli)

Cotoneaster (Cotoneaster sp.)

Cutleaf peashrub or Weeping caragana

(Caraqana arborescens)

Dogwood (Cornus spp.)

Douglas Fir (Pseudotsuga taxifolia)

Elderberry (Sambucus spp.)

European highbrush cranberry (Viburnum opulus)

Fir (Abies spp.)

Flowering almond (Prunus triloba)

Gooseberry (Grossularia)

Greenbrier (Smilax spp.)

Hackberry (Celtis spp.)

Hawthorn (Crataequs sp.)

Holly (Hex spp.)

Korean spice viburnum (Viburnum carlesii)

Manzanita (Arctostaphvlos spp.)

Maple (Acer spp.)

Mesquite (Prosopis spp.)

Mulberry (Marus spp.)

Oak (Quercus spp.)

Oregon grape (Mahonia aquifolium)

Persimmon (Diospyros spp.)

Pine (Pinus spp.)

Pissard plum (Prunus cerasifers)

Poison Ivy (Toxicodendron radicans)

Pricklypear (Opuntia spp.)

Redleaf rose (Rosa rubrifolia)

Russian olive (Eleagnus angustifolia)

Sagebrush (Artemisia spp.)

Saltbrush (Atriplex spp.)

Serviceberry (Amelanchier spp.)

Shining rose (Rosa nitida)

Snowberry (Symphoricarpos)

Spruce (Picea spp.)

Sumac (Rhus spp.)

Tidy caragana (Caraqana microphylla)

Virginia creeper (Parthenocissus spp.)

Wayfaring tree (Viburnum lantana)

White cedar (Thuga occidental is)

Witch hazel (Hamamelis virginiana)

Willow (Salix spp.)

Cultivated Plants

Alfalfa (Medicago sativa)

Apple (Malus pumila)

Barley (Horeum vulqare)

Cherry (Prunus spp.)

Corn (Zea mays)

Grape (Vitis)

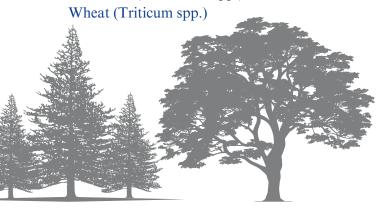
Oats (Avena sativa)

Peach (Prunus persica)

Rice (Orvza sativa)

Sorghum (Sorghum vulqare)

Sunflower (Helianthus spp.)





Airport Leased Premises Upkeep

- All openings larger than 1 inch in eaves or overhangs, etc. should be closed off.
- Air vents, cracks, holes or damaged areas that would allow wildlife access into a structure should be repaired or covered.
- Openings around corrugated metal siding and roofing should be sealed.
- Ledges should be angled at 45° to deter birds from perching and I-beams that are exposed need to be netted or completely closed off to prevent nesting areas for birds.
- When possible, lights should be covered with orange lenses and all unnecessary lights turned off to keep them from attracting insects.
- Trash bins should have lids and should be frequently inspected and cleaned.
- No feeding the wildlife on airport property, including bird feeders and stray domestic animals.
- No permanent water sources.
- Perimeter fencing needs to be 8 ft tall with 3 strands of barbed wire at a 45° angle, with no gaps in the fence larger than 4 inches, as stated in FAA Certalert No. 04-16, Deer Hazard to Aircraft and Deer Fencing.

Should you notice an increase in wildlife on your leased Premises, please notify Airport Operations.

OKC Will Rogers International Airport - 405.623.3007 Wiley Post Airport or C.E. Page Airport - 405.316.3391

